WHAT DO YOU SAY TO ‘THAT’S SO GAY’ & OTHER ANTI-LGBTQ* COMMENTS?

It doesn’t matter if it is a first grader who might not know what the word “gay” means, a sixth grader trying to sound cool, or a tenth grader “teasing” a friend. All of these scenarios have the potential of creating an unsafe classroom or school environment and must be addressed. **So, what can caring adults do?**

STOP IT...

Keep it simple with quick responses:

- “Remember, we don’t use put-downs in this class.”
- “Do you know what ‘gay’ means?”
- “It’s not OK at this school to use ‘gay’ disrespectfully to mean something is bad.”
- “You may not have meant to be hurtful, but when you use the word ‘gay’ to mean something is bad or stupid, it is hurtful.” Follow-up with, “Do you know why it is hurtful?”
- “Using the word ‘homo’ to tease someone is harassment and is unacceptable.”
- “Even if you didn’t mean to offend people who are gay, it is offensive to call this assignment gay (or queer); if you don’t like something, then say you don’t like it!”
- “It is never OK to say, ‘you act like a girl (or look like a boy)’ as a put-down.”
- “Using the words ‘queer’, ‘dyke’ or ‘fag’ to joke around is not OK. These are hurtful words and can impact anyone who overhears them.”
- “It doesn’t matter who said it, I don’t want to hear that kind of language again. Is that clear?”

DON’T IGNORE IT...

- Harassment does not go away on its own.
- Ignoring mean name-calling and hurtful teasing allows it to continue and possibly get worse.
- If other students do not see action, they get the message there is nothing wrong with it.
- Not speaking up teaches the student targeted, as well as anyone within hearing range, that they will not be protected from harassment.
- Almost any response is better than ignoring the situation. You may not know exactly what to say, but you must stop the harassment.
- Taking action reaffirms limits. Interrupting name-calling and harassment isn’t always easy. With experience you will become more comfortable in handling it. Practice with colleagues.
  - You can always go back to the student and say or do something else if you feel you did not respond well.

*LGBTQ: Lesbian, Gay, Bisexual, Transgender, Queer/Questioning

**WHY STOP ANTI-LGBTQ COMMENTS?**

Middle-school students called anti-gay names report increased anxiety, depression, personal distress and a lower sense of school belonging regardless of their sexual orientation.”

— V.P. Poteat and D.L. Espelage, 2007

Both students who are targeted and students who exhibit bullying behavior have lower academic achievement in school.”

— J. Juvenon, Y. Wang and G. Espinoza, 2011

If name-calling or other discrimination happens at school and goes either unnoticed or is not discussed by adults, students infer that the behavior is widely accepted.”

— F.E. Aboud, 2008
EDUCATE...

- If you have the time and opportunity to educate on the spot, do it. If you don’t, make time later.
- If you have been hearing the phrase “That’s gay” or “no homo,” take time during class to make sure that your students know what “gay” means and know why it is hurtful to use as a comment or put-down.
- Be clear that using the word “gay” in a negative way is disrespectful. Be clear that using the phrase “That’s gay” is hurtful to other students who may have family members and friends who are LGBTQ.
- Be prepared to provide accurate information. For the youngest students, keep it simple — for example, “The word ‘gay’ describes a man and a man or a woman and a woman who love each other.” As students get older, they may want more explanations and discussion.
- In lessons on respect, prejudice or civil rights, include information about discrimination against LGBTQ people and the LGBTQ civil rights movement.

“A safe and welcoming school environment is essential for student success. Educators are a critical component in creating an environment that enables all students to thrive!”

— Lily Eskelsen Garcia, President, National Education Association

BE PROACTIVE...

- Develop an environment of respect and caring for all students in your school and classroom using inclusive language, books and other materials.
- Establish clear schoolwide and classroom policies against hurtful teasing and bullying. Ensure that all members of the school community understand what the policies are and why they are important.
- Be explicit that rules against hurtful name-calling include “That’s gay!” “Homo!” “Fag!” “Tranny!” “Sissy!” and other LGBTQ put-downs.
- Develop the capacity of students and educators to be allies that stand up for students who are harassed.

RESOURCES

- Welcoming Schools
  - www.welcomingschools.org
  - K – 5 resources on gender, bullying & family inclusive of LGBTQ topics
- NEA Bully Free Campaign
  - www.nea.org/bullyfree
  - Bullying prevention for educators
- Time to THRIVE
  - www.timetothrive.org
  - Annual conference for youth-serving professionals focused on LGBTQ youth
- PFLAG
  - www.pflag.org
  - Parents and allies of LGBTQ youth
- The Trevor Project
  - www.thetrevorproject.org
  - Suicide prevention
- GLSEN
  - www.glsen.org
  - Safe schools for LGBTQ youth
- Gender Spectrum
  - www.genderspectrum.org
  - Gender identity and expression for youth of all ages
- StopBullying.gov
  - Information and resources from various government agencies